

## Virginia State Crime Commission

Law Enforcement Work Group: Police Lineup Procedures





- Study Authorization
- Study Issues
- Study Methodology
- Mistaken ID Study
- HB 207 and DCJS Sample Directive
- Statistics and other state trends
- Fall Study Plan





- House Bill 207, introduced by Delegate Alexander during the 2010 Session of the General Assembly, was referred by the House Courts of Justice to the Crime Commission for study.
- The bill proposes to codify lineup procedures; specifically, it would require:
  - Independent lineup administrators;
  - The use of the sequential method;
  - Recording the lineup results; and,
  - The use of specific types of fillers for lineups.



#### Study Issues

- Should lineup procedures be mandated by statute?
- Does the current DCJS policy need to be changed or updated?
- Should there be a requirement for specific lineup procedure(s)?





- Conduct literature review
- Identify data and policy resources, for example:
  - Innocence Project exoneration data
  - Other state statutes or regulations
- Law Enforcement Work Group
- Review of lineup policies and law enforcement training standards
- Survey Virginia law enforcement agencies to determine:
  - what type of policy they have, with regard to the requirement in § 19.2-390.2;
  - how long the policy has been in place; and,
  - training.



#### Mistaken ID Study

- The Crime Commission previously studied (2004) the issue of mistaken identification.
   That study resolution specifically requested the Crime Commission to:
  - review cases in the United States in which DNA profiling was used to exonerate persons convicted of a crime;
  - examine the procedures used in traditional police lineups or photographic review; and,
  - consider the sequential method as a procedure for identifying suspects.



#### Study Results

- As a result of the study, the following changes were made:
  - § 19.2-390.2 was created, requiring local police and sheriff's departments to have a written policy for conducting in-person and photographic lineups.
  - DCJS created a sample directive in 2005, General Order 2-39 (Suspect Lineup Procedure), which is a policy for conducting in-person and photographic lineups using the sequential method.
  - DCJS offers entry level training regarding lineups that recommends use of the sequential method.

## HB 207 and DCJS Sample Directive



- The sample directive created by DCJS has some similarities with HB 207 (sequential method, use of fillers, recordation), but there are two significant differences:
  - HB 207 would make the practices statutorily mandated; and,
  - General Order 2-39 does not require the use of independent lineup administrators.

### Statistics and Other State Trends



- There is no database or available set of information that indicates how often misidentifications occur or how many of them are factors in criminal cases. There is a limited set of data based on DNA exonerations, compiled by the Innocence Project.
  - Nationally, there have been of 254 exonerations, 190 of them involved at least one misidentification.
  - Virginia has had a total of 11 exonerations, 9 involved a misidentification.
- Since the 2004 Crime Commission study, there have been other states that have addressed line-up procedures:
  - North Carolina (statutory, similar to HB 207);
  - <u>Ohio</u> (statutory);
  - Georgia (creation of a House study Committee for eyewitness identification procedures);
  - Vermont (legislature has created a committee to review statewide eyewitness identification procedures);
  - West Virginia (legislature created a task force to study and identify best practices for eyewitness identification); and,
  - Wisconsin (has required, by statute, that law enforcement shall consider adopting polices that include blind administration and the sequential method).





- Present study findings to the full Crime Commission (tentatively):
  - September 8th (study update)
  - November 15th (full-report)
  - December 8th (discuss legislation, if any)
- All meetings will be held at 10:00 a.m. in Senate Room A of the General Assembly Building.

# If you have any questions or comments please contact: Tom Cleator Virginia State Crime Commission (804) 786-1194 tcleator@vscc.virginia.gov